

# THE CAROLINIAN.

VOL. XVII.

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1899.

NO. 22.

## END OF WAR NOW IN SIGHT.

Wearied With Hopeless Fighting, the Insurgents are Asking for Peace.

## FILIPINO EMISSARIES WITH WHITE FLAGS.

Approach American Lines and Negotiate for Terms of Peace. Final Surrender Seems Not far Off. A Suspension of Hostilities Asked for—Particulars in Detail.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Special.—Friday was marked by developments of the greatest importance and interest in connection with the campaign in the Philippines.

A cablegram from Gen. Otis announcing that negotiations from the insurgents were in progress, looking to the surrender of the Filipino forces, and the agreement to terms of peace, was the absorbing topic of interest at the nation's capital.

Secretary Alger said, at the Department closed, that while it could not be said that peace was assured, he regarded the prospects as of the brightest, and felt confident that the end of the insurrection was in sight. In his mind it would be a repetition of the negotiations which were held before Santiago. The Secretary left Washington Friday night, for a ten days' trip in the West, and it gave him great satisfaction to leave affairs in such a promising shape.

MANILA, By Cable.—The Filipinos will seek peace. Col. Manuel Argueles and Lieut. Jose Bernal, chief of Gen. Luna's staff, entered Gen. MacArthur's line, bearing a flag of truce. They are on route for Manila by train, to confer with Gen. Otis, regarding the terms of surrender. The Filipino advances for peace have been fruitless. Col. Manuel Argueles and Lieut. Jose Bernal, who came into Gen. MacArthur's lines under a flag of truce, told Gen. Otis that they were representatives of Gen. Luna, who had been requested by Aguinaldo to ask Gen. Otis for a cessation of hostilities in order to allow time for the summering of the Filipino Congress, which body would decide whether the people wanted peace. Gen. Otis replied that he did not recognize the existence of a Filipino government. There will be another conference.

The Filipinos came down the railroad track to the Kansas regiment's camp. The report will be signed. The court of inquiry spent Friday in making the final revision of its report upon the allegations of General MacArthur concerning the leaf supplied to the army during the Spanish war. Col. Davis announced at the close of the session that the report would certainly be signed and handed to the Secretary of War Saturday.

Wages Advanced. Birmingham, Ala., Special.—The Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company has advanced the wages of its employees on May 1, the salaries of all employees exclusive of the coal miners, will be advanced on a basis of 10 per cent, some getting more than the advance.

Decided Against the Negro. Atlanta, Ga., Special.—At Friday's session of the international Sunday school convention, the executive committee, to which was referred the matter of giving the negroes representation on committees where white men were chosen, reported against the negroes.

Comments of the London Papers. London, By Cable.—All the morning papers contain editorial congratulations to the United States upon the prospect of peace in the Philippines, and complimenting the bravery and endurance of the American troops, which have produced the much desired result. All insist that the United States cannot treat with the rebel government. All approve the demand of General Otis for an unconditional surrender, and urge that he should be given full powers and not be hampered by instructions from Washington.

Insanity the Pica. Santos, O., Special.—The State concluded its direct testimony against Mr. George Monday afternoon. There was a strong intimation that the lines of defense would be temporary insanity. This came when the bench announced that testimony bearing on the relations between the accused and Monday dating back as far as the 80's would be admitted if insanity is to be the defense. It was further admitted, he said, on the grounds of premeditation and also because the State has shown some of these relations.

King Leopold Coming. London, Eng., By Cable.—According to the Brussels correspondent of The Daily Mail, the Belgian royal yacht is preparing for a three month's cruise, in the course of which King Leopold will visit the United States.

The New Spanish Minister Coming. Madrid, By Cable.—The Duke of Oreo, the newly-appointed Spanish minister to the United States, will leave for Washington this week.

### THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

Largely Attended and Enthusiastic Meeting At Southern Pines.

The convention of Northern Settlers held at Southern Pines last week was an occasion of more than ordinary interest. It was attended by prominent people from all sections of the country who are interested in the development of Southern resources and the investment of capital in Southern enterprises.

A number of interesting addresses were made; the first was by Mr. C. Brown, banker, of Southern Pines, who spoke of land values, saying among other things that the sand hills were valued too low. Agents in Boston were selling lands in California, probably no better, at \$50 to \$100 per acre, and found customers, who thought that land at \$5 to \$10 per acre, the prevailing price for sand hills, was worthless. At the conclusion of Mr. Brown's remarks, the chairman introduced His Excellency, Daniel L. Russell, Governor of North Carolina, who complimented the inhabitants of Southern Pines for evidence of successful work on land that a few years ago was almost given away.

He mentioned the rich lands further east on the sounds and tide-water country, regretting the prevalence of malaria in some parts, and jokingly suggested that the people who had succeeded so well with sand hills might eventually banish malaria from that very fertile section of our State. The Governor then briefly referred to some of the great resources of the State, and mentioned the possibilities of more factories and shops, especially cotton factories, thereby increasing the money returned to our people, from the rate of four or five cents per pound for the cotton in the bale to twenty or thirty cents per pound for the manufactured article.

He looked forward to the time when the South would spin every bale of cotton she raised, when all our great water-powers should be harnessed, and again to the time when the ships of this great Republic would sail over all the seas laden with merchandise from every State in the Union, and from Carolina leading the procession. The above are a few of the interesting points of the Governor's address.

The next speaker was Dr. Robinson, who has charge of the Experiment Farm of the North Carolina State Horticultural Society, who are aided by the University of North Carolina. He spoke of the importance of the agricultural experiment station at Raleigh, and the German Kail Works. The doctor explained that the object of this triple association was to find the best plant food for fruits and vegetables, and to exchange ideas and information of the work, and invited all to visit the station. Mr. S. J. Barnett, of Delta, Pa., came South looking for health. He said he had found it in a large measure, and he especially appreciated the kind and courteous reception that he has everywhere received.

Mr. D. F. Morrow, president of the Bank of Rutherford, spoke of the benefits to be derived from this meeting, by exchanging ideas and information. He said that since coming here he had heard many things about North Carolina that were new to him. He told the convention about the mortgage, found principally in his country, and ended a very interesting fifteen minutes' talk by saying that North Carolina was the Switzerland of America and Rutherford county was the Switzerland of North Carolina.

Miss Thomas, of Portland, Me., was the first to address the convention. She immediately engaged the attention by stating that in coming to Southern Pines she had found paradise, and that she proposed to enjoy as long as she could, which was much better than waiting for an uncertainty. The next speaker was Mr. V. P. Walsh, editor of the Augusta Chronicle. He called the attention of the audience to the undeveloped resources of the Southern States, and mentioned especially some very valuable ones located in Georgia. He encouraged the building of cotton mills, stating among other things that Augusta spun 100,000 bales and ships the product all over the world.

K. J. Jones, editor of the Polk County News, of Columbus, Polk county, told the audience of resources and attractions of Polk county, giving considerable statistical information. Mr. Whitehouse, of New Hampshire, made a very interesting and instructive talk of the fine climate of North Carolina. Prof. Kelley, of Union Home College, Moore county, rose to introduce Judge A. C. Avery, who had just come in. Judge Avery was the next speaker. He called the attention of the convention to the mountain section, especially to the Thermal Belt, and suggested some of the reasons for this exemption from frost. He wound up by inviting those present to visit western North Carolina and enjoy its fine climate. The convention was an interesting and profitable one, and did much to advertise North Carolina's large resources.

General Freight Agent Emerson, of the Atlantic Coast Line, says that though the strawberry crop of southeastern North Carolina is three weeks late, it will be equal to last year's. This means that a great deal of money will be put in circulation in that section.

Frederick and Ceratuzes. The German Emperor is much more sensitive to caricature than his subjects. They say what they please. I do what I please. On another occasion a book seller sent to the palace a copy of one of the most stinging lampoons that ever were written, the "Memoirs of Frederick." The book seller asked if he might be permitted to sell it. "Do not advertise it in an offensive way," said Frederick, "but sell it by all means. I hope it will pay you well."—London News.

### NORTH CAROLINA'S FINANCES.

Treasurer Worth Issues an Interesting Statement.

THE STATE DEBT AT PRESENT

And Its Investments—The Former \$6,331,770 and Latter \$5,051,320—Real and Personal Property Assessment for Year, Etc.

Treasurer Worth has just prepared and sent to the public printers, in response to a number of enquiries on the subject, the following statement of the condition of the State's finances at the present time. The statement will be printed and sent out by the treasurer to those interested:

THE STATE DEBT.  
Four per cent. consolidated bonds, due in 1900..... \$1,370,850  
Six per cent. North Carolina Railroad construction bonds, due in 1909..... 2,720,000  
Non-interest bearing outstanding bonds convertible into 4 per cent. consolidated bonds..... 240,920  
Total debt..... \$6,331,770

THE STATE'S INVESTMENTS.  
30,000 shares stock North Carolina R. R. Co., now worth..... \$4,650,310  
12,656 shares stock Atlantic and North Carolina R. R. Co., now worth..... 253,320  
\$156,000 bonds of the Southern Railway Company, now worth..... 147,690  
Present value of State's investments..... \$5,051,320

This estimate is upon North Carolina Railroad bonds at 155 and Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad Company bonds at 120 per share, and North Carolina 4 per cent. bonds at 108. The interest on the 4 per cent. consolidated bonds is simply provided for out of the taxes levied for the purpose. The interest on the 6 per cent. construction bonds is paid out of the dividends on the State's stock in the North Carolina Railroad, which is the source of the income for the State. The real and personal property of the State in 1898 was assessed at \$255,807,108, which is not more than two-thirds of its real value. The State collects a one-fourth of 1 per cent. tax on this assessed valuation.

This ad valorem tax, together with the special privilege, license and other taxes, brought into the State Treasury in 1898 a total of \$1,387,552.09 for all expenses, showing receipts in excess of disbursements of \$22,050.31 for the year. From the above statement will be seen that the entire State debt is about \$1,250,000. As there will be paid 2 per cent. interest on July 1st, on the issue of \$110,000, to be awarded May 23d, and the exemption from all taxation will make this issue a very desirable investment.

Very respectfully,  
W. H. WORTH,  
State Treasurer.

The \$110,000 bond issue alluded to has reference to the New State Prison bonds.

State Teachers' Assembly. The sixteenth annual session of the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly will be held at Morehead City June 13th to 18th, and more than 200 school work and school administration will be represented in the work of the Assembly, and full and free discussion will be a distinctive feature this year.

Tar Heel Notes. An effort is to be made to obtain railroad work for the state convicts. Convict labor is wanted on two roads, it is said; the one from Selma northward, and the one from Lumberton southward.

Twenty-one miles of the Cape Fear and Northern Railroad are ready for use. Five hundred men are at work, including those sawing ties. The road runs to Winslow, four miles into Harnett county.

It has been many years since the waters of Eastern North Carolina have been so full of herrings. The first part of the season was poor but latterly the catch has been immense. The North Carolina corporation committee will under the new law have the appointment of two or three state bank examiners. Just how many has not yet been decided, nor when they will be appointed. It has been customary to have two examiners and they generally make one examination a year of all banks well and soundly examined as may be found necessary.

Two moonshine stills were cut up in Johnston county last week, but none of the "shiners" were captured. One of the stills was of 90 gallons capacity and the other of 70 gallons. Both were doing a big business and about 1,400 gallons of beer were destroyed. They were located near New Hope church, south of Four Oaks.

Much work is in progress at the University. A new system of water supply is being put in, taking water from Bolling's creek. The \$225,000 alumina building is well under way, and so is the \$15,000 Julian S. Carr dormitory building. A statue of Thomas H. Benton, life size, was received last week as a gift from Charles L. Van Noppen, a graduate.

The State teachers the Selma Oil and Fertilizer Works in Johnston county; capital \$25,000. Moses C. Winston and others stockholders.

### CYCLONE SWEEP.

Devastating Work of the Winds in Northwestern Towns.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Special.—The Journal has received a bulletin reporting the killing of 37 persons in a tornado at Newton, Sullivan county, Mo. It is 40 miles northwest of Kirksville. A cyclone swept that place, and 30 dead bodies have been taken from the ruins there. A special to The St. Louis Republic from Kirksville, Mo., says that the eastern part of that city was leveled by the cyclone and the estimate of dead is now placed at forty. The number of injured is not known. The wires are down and communication is practically cut off. Intense darkness prevailed after the cyclone and the rescuers were at a disadvantage for a short time until fire broke out in a dozen places in the ruins and shed light over the scene.

No attempts were made to extinguish the flames, partly because the rescuers had no time, and partly because of the need of light. On both sides of the storm's path, the debris was piled high and burned fiercely. In all probability a number of bodies have been incinerated. The storm first struck the eastern portion of the city near that part occupied by the boarding houses of the American School of Osteopathy, State Normal School and McVard's Seminary. The storm had been threatening all afternoon, and broke upon Kirksville at 6:30 o'clock in all the fury of a cyclone. A path a quarter of a mile wide and as deep as the prairie was swept through the city and 40 buildings, houses and mercantile, were leveled to the ground in scattered ruins. In the heavy rain that followed, the people who had escaped turned out to rescue the injured. For two hours not much was accomplished as all was confusion, but by 8 o'clock 27 dead bodies had been taken from the ruins. It is confidently expected that the list of dead will reach between 50 and 60, if it does not exceed that. Almost 1,000 people were more or less injured. Daylight will be necessary before an adequate estimate of loss of life and property can be had.

Fifteen Dead. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Special.—A bulletin to the Journal from Chillicothe, Mo., reports 15 dead in the cyclone at Newton, Mo. Though the reports are not wholly verified, it is believed that the storm has wrought terrible destruction at both Kirksville and Newton.

A Tornado in Iowa. OSAKA, Iowa, Special.—A tornado swept the farming country 20 miles east of here, last night. Only meagre details have been received. Three persons are reported to have been killed and great damage done to property.

Negroes Want Control of Negro Schools. ATLANTA, Special.—A petition has been filed with the city clerk, containing the names of nearly 500 of the best negroes in Atlanta, which has for its immediate object the placing of the negro public schools in the city under the control of a negro board of education.

Soldiers Killed by a Gas Explosion. BERLIN, Special.—A dispatch from Odessa says three non-commissioned officers and an officer and four privates have been killed by a gas explosion which occurred in one of the barracks there. In addition, six men were injured.

The Government Will Take No Hand in the Matter. WASHINGTON, D. C., Special.—Attorney General Griggs, in speaking of the negro lynching near Newman, Ga., Monday said that the case had no Federal aspect, and therefore the government would take no action whatever in regard to it.

Aguinaldo Appealing for Intervention. LONDON, By Cable.—According to a special dispatch from Shanghai, it is reported there that Aguinaldo's agents in Japan have issued a strong appeal for Japanese aid and sympathy and are urging Japan to a friendly intervention with the United States.

The Commission Sailed. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Special.—The United States dispatch boat Badger, with the Samoua commission on board, sailed Wednesday for Apia. The steamer will probably stop at Honolulu for coal.

Dynamite Used by Strikers. WARDNER, Idaho, Special.—Wardner Saturday was the scene of the worst riots since the deadly labor war of 1892. One man is dead, another is thought to be mortally wounded, and property valued at \$250,000 has been destroyed by giant powder and fire. The damage was done by union miners and sympathizers from Canyon Creek, about 20 miles from Wardner. Saturday morning a mob of from 800 to 1,000 men, all of them armed, and many of them masked, seized a train at Burke, the head of Canyon Creek. The visitors brought with them 3,000 pounds of giant powder. After a parley of two hours, 100 men, armed with Winchester rifles, started with yells for the Bunker Hill and Sullivan Mill and other buildings, a third of a mile from the depot. About a thousand shots were exchanged between the rioters and the pickets. One picket was shot dead. Powder was piled up in the office building of the mill and set off. A terrific explosion followed and damage to the extent of \$300,000 was done to the mill. A number of people were injured. Two mines will be closed on account of the blow up.

Windmill 200 Years Old. WASHINGTON, D. C., Special.—The mashes of Norfolk, England, where the marsh country is often very beautiful, is quaint. Its wooden tower still defies the strength of the winter winds which sweep across the lowlands from the sea, but two of its canvas frames are gone, and those that remain are fast falling into decay. For 200 years it has been one of the safeguards of the adjoining meadows.

Earthquake in Indiana. TERRY HAUTE, Ind., Special.—This city was visited by an earthquake Saturday night about 8 o'clock. Six distinct shocks were felt, the first and the last being the heaviest. So far as can be learned the earthquake was felt as far east as Green Castle, Ind., and as south as Henderson, Ky. Reports from towns north and west of the city say no disturbances were felt. The shocks were light and did no damage.

Sixty-two Miners Killed. BERLIN, By Cable.—Owing to an influx of water in the Ketchikan gold mine, near Troitz, Russia, Saturday a shaft in which 62 men were at work collapsed. Sixty-two of the miners were killed and nearly all of the remainder were seriously injured.

Governor General of Porto Rico. WASHINGTON, D. C., Special.—The formal orders assigning Brigadier General Davis as governor general of Porto Rico, were issued Saturday. General Hickey will return with relief.

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### TERMS NOT YET SETTLED.

Peace Negotiations Still Hanging Fire.

DYNAMITE USED BY STRIKERS.

General Miles Criticized by the Court of Inquiry—Earthquake Shocks in Various Places—General Young Ordered to the Philippines.

MANILA, By Cable.—The conference between General Otis and Colonel Manuel Argueles and Lieutenant Jose Bernal, who came from General Luna under a flag of truce Friday, to ask for a cessation of hostilities, was fruitless. It is understood that the Filipino commissioners were given the terms upon which the Americans will consent to negotiate. The Filipinos admit that they have been defeated, and it is expected that they will return with fresh proposals from General Luna.

The envoys from General Luna were very hospitably treated by a General Otis, who provided them with a house and with a guard, and permitted them to visit friends here. Returning to the palace, the envoys saw an illustration of the American resources. A long train of wagons and pack mules was just starting with provisions for General Lawton, who has reached Maricao. The conference at the palace lasted three hours. Mr. Jacob G. Schurman, of the United States Philippine commission, attending, and Admiral Dewey dropping in for an hour. The discussion was mostly between General Otis and Colonel Argueles, who had been selected for the mission by General Luna because he had known General Otis. Colonel Argueles served on the Philippine commission, which met the American authorities before the war in Manila.

The rise of the report published in the Philippines that the American authorities had decided to grant the demands of the Filipinos for a cessation of hostilities, and the submergence of twelve square miles of bottom lands. The water continues to rise slowly. Water is in the ice house of Swift & Co., and the South Omaha Company, and is doing much damage.

Washington. A telegram has been received at the State Department, Washington, from the consul at Chefoo, China, requesting aid by cable for sixty shells, one of the best shells yellow coral delivered at Chefoo within ten weeks, all charges to be included in the bill. Assistant Secretary Allen, who is acting Secretary of the Navy, and who no information had been received from Admiral Dewey in confirmation or otherwise, of the report published that the Filipinos at Balor are holding Lieutenant Gilmore and other missing men of the cruiser Yorktown as prisoners.

Miscellaneous. Pope Leo XIII has written his own epitaph. It is brief and modest. The board of inquiry finds that the government is liable to Swift & Co., of Chicago, for 800,000 pounds of beef shipped to Porto Rico last summer.

A proposition to utilize negro troops to a large extent in future military operations in the Philippines is attracting much attention, and it is believed will be considered by the administration in the near future.

The Steamship Kanawha, of New York, Captain Evans, which left New York on April 23d, with coal, for Bermuda sprang a leak, broke her rudder and foundered 150 miles from Bermuda, on April 23d. Her officers and crew, 14 men in all, took to the lifeboats, leaving all their effects aboard the steamer.

Rear Admiral Schley has been detailed to a position more commensurate with his rank than that to which he was assigned two weeks ago, when he was appointed a member of the naval examining board, presided over by Rear Admiral Howell. His duties will be those of the president of the naval reviewing board. The new place is probably one of the best that could have been offered him of all the stations in Washington.

Foreign. Advances from Samoa say that severe fighting has taken place between large bodies of friendly natives and rebels. The Times of India says it learns from an unimpeachable source that Russia has secured an interest in the portion of the Persian Gulf, sufficient to give her the right to take possession of it whenever she chooses.

Statistics of the Horses. An animal which, when in a state of nature, lives in droves is the horse. It is almost as defenseless as the sheep, and when a herd of wild horses is attacked by wolves there is no escape but in flight. In the wild state the horse's natural habitat is on the open plains, not in mountainous regions, but on the steppes of Asia, and when attacked by wolves, its only safety lies in its superior speed. If the young were not so swift as its parents it would fall an easy prey to the pursuer, and so, within a few generations, the wild horse might be utterly destroyed by its enemies. The curious thing is that the horse is quite as swift as its parents. When one looks at it, even in its domesticated condition, it seems to be all legs, and one is surprised to see how easily the slight body can move along on those long legs beside the mother, even when she is running at her swiftest rate. In that fact lies the safety of the wild horse from destruction, and the thousands of generations in which the useful animal has been domesticated have brought no change in the peculiar conformation of the foal's limbs, though it is no longer needed for its original purpose.—Our Animal Friends.

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### THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

The South.

At Austin, Texas, Tuesday, the Senate took up the special order, the Arkansas trust bill. An amendment was immediately offered to make the bill effective January 1, 1900, and with the amendment pending a motion to defer further action on the bill until Friday prevailed.

Col. Martin of North Carolina, was high gun at the second day of the spring tournament of the Baltimore Shooting Association Wednesday. His record was 187 out of a possible 205. Box, of Baltimore, scored 183, and Sim Glover, of Rochester, 184.

The international Sunday school convention at Atlanta decided to hold their next meeting at Denver in 1902. John Wacnamer, of Philadelphia, was elected chairman of the executive committee of the international organization and R. F. Jacobs, of Chicago, was chosen world's commissioner to visit Sunday schools in all lands where the Bible is used.

The case of Mrs. George was given to the jury at noon Thursday. It is reported that the jury stands eight for acquittal and four for manslaughter. The powder press at Dupont's Powder Mill, at Carneyspoint, N. J., exploded at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, killing four men and injuring three others.

Three men were killed Wednesday afternoon by the falling of a large section of slate in the Pennsylvania quarry, near Easton, Pa. Two hundred tons of slate fell at one time.

The United States transport Morgan City, with Captain Lombard in command, sailed from San Francisco for Manila Monday night with about 600 recruits for various regiments now in the Philippine Islands. She also carried a large quantity of supplies for the American forces.

The rise of the Missouri river at Omaha has resulted in driving six hundred people from their homes and the submergence of twelve square miles of bottom lands. The water continues to rise slowly. Water is in the ice house of Swift & Co., and the South Omaha Company, and is doing much damage.

Washington. A telegram has been received at the State Department, Washington, from the consul at Chefoo, China, requesting aid by cable for sixty shells, one of the best shells yellow coral delivered at Chefoo within ten weeks, all charges to be included in the bill. Assistant Secretary Allen, who is acting Secretary of the Navy, and who no information had been received from Admiral Dewey in confirmation or otherwise, of the report published that the Filipinos at Balor are holding Lieutenant Gilmore and other missing men of the cruiser Yorktown as prisoners.

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### A HORRIBLE FATE.

Ensign Monaghan Beheaded While Still Alive.

AMMUNITION SMUGGLED.

Cartridges in Bags of Rice and Sugar—Cyclone's Deadly Work in the Northwest—Grant Statue Unveiled.

AUCKLAND, N. Z., By Cable.—Particulars in the fighting at Samoa contained in the edition received here from Apia, under date of April 18th, show that the battle between the friendly natives and the rebels took place at Vailalo, and that the latter lost 100 men killed and wounded. Further details of the deaths of Ensign J. S. Monaghan, of the United States cruiser Philadelphia, and Lieutenant P. V. Landale, of the same vessel, have been received. They show that Monaghan had been beheaded before he was dead. A deserter from the Mafafan forces says Monaghan and Landale were retreating when they were discovered by a chief and his wife, who were looking for dead men. They gave the alarm and Monaghan was shot while continuing the retreat. Later, it appears, the rebels returned and killed Landale. Monaghan fought until he was wounded and he was then beheaded. The doctor's examination of the remains confirms the statements made. Finally, the principal rebel leader, ran away and told his people a hundred British had been killed.

Mafafan deserters assert that the Germans sent cartridges in bags of rice and sugar along the coast in December. Admiral Kautz, it is asserted, in the advice received, fired a blank shot on April 8 across the bows of a German schooner, which was leaving Apia, and out reporting. Frightful weather has been prevailing at Apia, the sailors being compelled to sleep four nights in the wet trenches.

Grant Statue Unveiled. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Special.—In the presence of President and Mrs. McKinley, members of the Grant family and a great crowd of people, Miss Rosemary Sartoris, grand daughter of Gen. Grant, unveiled a heroic equestrian statue of her illustrious grandfather in Fairmount Park. Although the day was not a holiday in honor of the event, there was a great outpouring of patriotic citizens. Flags were everywhere displayed throughout the city and all the ships in the harbor were gaily decorated in colors. President and Mrs. McKinley were everywhere warmly greeted by the people. The unveiling was a success in every way. The statue is located in a beautiful spot, along the east drive of the Schuylkill river, in Fairmount Park. It is the gift of the Fairmount Park Association to the people of Philadelphia.

Resolutions Against Lynchings. NEW YORK, Special.—The Africa Methodist Episcopal Conference, in session at Jersey City Thursday, adopted resolutions denunciatory of the lynchings in the South, declaring that mob violence, entirely out of harmony with human reason, and that the instincts of the lynchmen were below animals of the lowest type. The address of Bishop Alexander Walters Wednesday, against lynching, was endorsed as the sentiment of the New Jersey Conference. The Conference calls upon the white people of the South who favor honor, law, order and good government to assert their influence in the salvation of their own honor in the eyes of the civilized people of the world by doing all they can to put a stop to lynchings.

Opening Postponed. CLEVELAND, O., Special.—The opening of the baseball season here has been postponed until Monday, on account of the death of the daughter of Frank De Haas Robinson, who occurred Thursday afternoon. Two games will be played Monday.

Negroes Kill a Wood Overseer. MONTGOMERY, Ala., Special.—In Perry county, this State, Will Mullen, a white road overseer, was shot and killed by three negroes. Mullen tried to defend himself and shot and killed one of the negroes. The trouble has been brewing for several days, and the negro road hands were armed. A negro was sent for water and on his return he offered it to the negroes first. On being upbraided for this, he opened fire on the overseer. There is much excitement and a posse, accompanied by dogs, has gone to the scene of the trouble.

Aguinaldo Will Hold to His Promises. MADRID, Special.—The Minister of War, General Polavieja, it is announced, has received advice to the effect that Aguinaldo intends "to retain the American and Spanish prisoners as, in the event of a cessation of hostilities, it will enable him to demand better terms of peace."

Sheridan Shook, of Red Hook, N. Y., the noted politician, died Thursday.

Comat in Port. NEW YORK, Special.—The United States transport Constable, Capt. Evans, arrived from Havana, with 64 passengers and 150 discharged soldiers. Among the former was John Gary Evans, ex-Governor of South Carolina.

A terrific wind and hail storm swept over Nebraska Wednesday night, causing much damage to property and injuring several persons. The hail was terrible, and covered the ground to a depth of several inches. Quite a lot of live stock was killed.

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**Beauty Is Blood Deep.**  
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic, clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly hollow complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All drug stores, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

—At Albany, N. Y., Fields & Hatch, now employing 300 hands on knit goods, are to increase their output.  
—Mr. Winslow's "Coughing" syrup for children (treating, softens the gums, reducing inflammation, allays pain, cures whooping cough, 25c a bottle).

### "Courage and Strength"

#### in Times of Danger.

Read the warning between the lines. What is that warning? It is of the danger from accumulation of badness in the blood, caused by the usual heavy living of the winter months. Spring is the clearing, cleansing time of the year; the forerunner of the brightness and beauty of glorious Summer.

Follow the principle that Nature lays down. Start in at once and purify your blood with that great specific, Hood's Sarsaparilla. It never disappoints.

**Tumors.**—A tumor as big as a large marble came under my nose. I used my favorite medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla. The tumor disappeared. Miss H. M. Warren, 509 Myrtle St., N. J.

**Rheumatism.**—I had rheumatism for years and can conscientiously say that Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me. As a blood purifier it has helped my children wonderfully. Mrs. A. S. Sagar, 40 Franklin Avenue, Passaic, N. J.

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver, bile, the most irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

### DO NOT BE A FOOL

Try GOOSE GREASE LINIMENT before you say it's no good. It's sold under a GUARANTEE, and with thousands of merchants adding two have had no other but it returned. It will cure Croup, Coughs, Colds, Rheumatism and all Aches and Pains.

**WANTED-AGENTS:** Ladies or Gentlemen, for new household necessities, call on us. Starfruit business. Address: NILES, Cincinnati, O.

### An Experiment in Oranges.

The Agricultural Department at Washington, which has been experimenting to produce a sweet orange that will stand the frosts that have repeatedly swept the orange belt in Florida, has progressed to the point of budding the oranges so secured in growing trees in Florida. The hardy orange evolved by the Department is at present termed "the trifoliate orange." It has been produced by breeding the pollen of the sweet orange into the buds of the Japanese trifoliate and vice versa. The trifoliate grows as far north as Philadelphia, but bears no fruit worth mentioning. Seedlings from the hybrid so far produced promise to give an exceedingly hardy and valuable fruit-producing tree. No. 17.

### TUMOR EXPELLED.

Unqualified Success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. ELIZABETH WHEELER, Magnolia, Iowa, in the following letter describes her recovery from a very critical condition:

"Dear Mrs. PINKHAM—I have been taking your Vegetable Compound, and am now ready to sound its praises. It has done wonders for me in relieving me of a tumor."

"My health has been poor for three years. Change of life was working upon me. I was very much bloated and was a burden to myself. Was troubled with smothering spells, also palpitation of the heart and that bearing-down feeling, and could not be on my feet much."

"I was growing worse all the time, until I took your medicine."

"After taking three boxes of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, however, the tumor passed off, and my health has been better ever since, can now walk quite a distance and am troubled no more with palpitation of the heart or bloating. I recommend your medicine to all sufferers from female troubles."

"It is hardly reasonable to suppose that any one can doubt the efficiency of Mrs. Pinkham's methods and medicine in the face of the tremendous volume of testimony."

Dr. Carl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

### THE REASON WHY

For man or beast

### SLOAN'S LINIMENT

Excels—is that it? Penetrates to the seat of the trouble immediately and without irritating rubbing—and kills the pain.

Family and Stable Sizes Sold by Dealers Generally.

Dr. Carl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

### HEADACHE

"Both my wife and myself have been suffering from headache for some time. We tried many remedies, but nothing helped. We both recovered by using Sloan's Liniment."

CHAS. STEPHENS, Pittsburg, Pa.

### Cascarets

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sickens. Women or Children. 25c, 50c, 100c.

CURE CONSTIPATION. Write for free copy of our new book, "How to Cure Constipation."

NO-TO-BAD. Sold by all druggists.

### ARP AS A PESSIMIST.

He is Troubled About the Situation in the Philippines.

### GLOOMY IN THE SPRINGTIME

When He should Be Happy and Smiling—War News Is Bad—Something Is the Matter.

Bonus melior optimus—good, better, best. Malus pejor pessimus—bad, worse, worst. I remember that much Latin. Some days we are optimistic and look on the bright side of things. The war is about over and the millennium will begin with the new century. Then again the news is bad we are obliged to be pessimists until it changes. I am a pessimist right now, for everything looks dark and gloomy abroad, though the genial spring sun is shining and everything is lovely at home. What is all this about one hundred thousand more men wanted to subdue the Philippines and our soldiers saying they didn't want to fight negroes? and what about the Samoans ambushing our boys and cutting their heads off and parading them through the streets; and what about a rupture with Germany while our navy is engaged over there in those distant islands? If Germany is fighting, what better opportunity does she want than to turn her navy loose upon us right now? and how do we know that Johnny Bull would help us? and that the United States will not fight in general, and army and navy in particular. When our boys come out of it they will be apt to stay out and if we have to send 100,000 more troops to fight niggers in the Philippines they will not go from this part of the country. They rob our servants as they go to market; they enter our restaurants and take what they want by force and then break up the crockery; they rob the peddlers and refuse to pay the cabmen and steal everything in sight; they hang our boys like savages, and to complain to headquarters is like barking at the moon. If this is our destiny, would that we could sink this fair island in the depths of the sea.

Another paper says: "Our people are daily insulted by these ruffians, and we have not the patience of Job nor the meekness of the Man of Calvary to bear these things without retaliating."

Another paper says: "We suffered much under the Spaniards, but our new liberators are committing greater offenses and oppressions than did our former masters, and we cannot submit quietly to this new tyranny. Never before have there occurred so many such outrages as are happening to-day. There is safety nowhere, and our ladies are at all times exposed to the insults of drunken soldiers."

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The special stimulus of great men have been recorded in their memoirs. The most common one is that this kind has come to light in Aubrey's "Brief Lives," founded on notes taken by the author in the middle of the seventeenth century. Few drinks are more distrusted among brain-workers these days than ale, but the great men of the past were not so wise. He was a voluminous writer, and his pamphlets lost him his eyes and endangered him his head. Aubrey informs us that "about every three hours his (Prynne's) man was to bring him a bowl of ale, and that he was to drink it."

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Chambersburg, Pa., Mr. William B. Reed, read my letter and was surprised by sending sixty-six new plants of the best varieties, and I planted them carefully between the dead ones and they are springing up beautifully, and now, to add to the old ones are sending up strong and vigorous shoots from near the surface and most of them are above the buried joints. So if all of them live and grow, there will be a wilderness of roses, and we can take our choice. I am ready to certify that Mr. Reed is a great big-hearted man.

And now Mr. B. K. Robertson, of Chickamauga, has sent me 300 strawberry plants. Lady Thompson and Louise and Gandy varieties. All are fine, and the Gandy's are especially wanted, for they are very late and early and bear beautifully after all other kinds have passed away for the season. I'll bet he is a good man, too, and my wife makes it a rule to believe that everybody is good who is good to me.

So now let the war go on. It is none of my doings. For a good while I wish hopes that McKinley & Co., who let slip the dogs of war for political purposes, would see their mistake and call off their dogs, but most of the preachers tell that it is God's will and manifest destiny and that the doors to the heathen must be opened and kept open. And so we common folks can't do anything. I heard preachers talk that way for thirty-seven years, and I thought they had the Urim and Thummim in their breeches pockets, but they didn't. One thing is certain. This war has done the nation no good morally or financially, and it has lowered our respect for the army and for military affairs in general, and army and navy in particular. When our boys come out of it they will be apt to stay out and if we have to send 100,000 more troops to fight niggers in the Philippines they will not go from this part of the country. They rob our servants as they go to market; they enter our restaurants and take what they want by force and then break up the crockery; they rob the peddlers and refuse to pay the cabmen and steal everything in sight; they hang our boys like savages, and to complain to headquarters is like barking at the moon. If this is our destiny, would that we could sink this fair island in the depths of the sea.

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### HORTICULTURE

#### SUMMER COMFORT.

What's the matter with the summer? It takes very little money to furnish a house. Our general Catalogue No. 50 tells all about it. Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Ranges, Washers, Sewing Machines, and everything else you can think of. Write for it. Price \$1.75. M. J. Hines & Son, 100 N. 10th St., St. Paul, Minn.

Our general Catalogue No. 50 shows Carpets, Rugs, Portieres and everything else you can think of. Write for it. Price \$1.75. M. J. Hines & Son, 100 N. 10th St., St. Paul, Minn.

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### How to Save Labor in Spring Cleaning.

Spring cleaning is no longer the labor it was in the days of our grandmothers. Women under a new law to save themselves by the use of modern conveniences. When cleaning the work everything should be in readiness—tacks, hammers, brooms, and a supply of soap (which is the best for a cleaning purpose), lime ammonia, and carbolic acid. Good water should be selected, and only one or two rooms cleaned at a time, air and sunshine should be freely admitted.

Animals at Play. Cats delight in racing about, not so often, I think, in circles as dogs do. They prefer straight lines and sharp turns with the genuine goat jump. This sudden light into the air, which appears to take the place without the animal's knowledge or intention, can not here be preparatory to life in the mountains, but the cat finds the high jump very useful, not only in pouncing on its prey, but in escaping its predatory enemy. Breckin records a movement of a young cat. When in summer the young cat climbs up to the perpetual snow, they delight to play on it. They throw themselves in a crouching position on the upper end of a steep, snow-covered incline, work all four legs with a swimming motion to get a start, and then slide down on the surface of the snow, often traversing a distance of from 100 to 150 meters in this way, while the snow flies up in the air, and the cat, after a short run, arrives at the bottom, the spring to their feet and slowly clamber up again the distance they have slid down.

Senator Turpie Takes His Turn. Senator Turpie of Indiana says he never carries a watch, because people seem to bother him by asking the time. "I thought I'd try my turn at bothering somebody else about the time," says the senator.

Improvement in Woolens. The United States census of 1910 shows the existence of twenty-four woolen factories and 1,632 fulling mills. The majority of these were located in New England, and practically the balance in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Delaware.

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